# SAFETY DATA SHEET



Revision date: 23-Mar-2022

Revision Number 7

# 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Product identifier

Product Name HYDROGEN PEROXIDE (20% - 60%)

**Product Code(s)** 000030112401

Other means of identification

UN number 2014

Synonyms Peroxide (20% - 60%); Hydroperoxide (20% - 60%); 20-60% Hydrogen peroxide.

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

**Recommended use**Bleaching and deodourising of textiles, bleaching wood pulp, and hair; plasticisers; rocket

fuel; foam rubber; dyeing; electroplating; antiseptic.

Uses advised against No information available.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

**Supplier** 

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Incorporated in Australia) NZBN: 9429041465226 Address: 166 Totara Street

Mt Maunganui South New Zealand

Telephone Number: +64 9 368 2700

Facimile: +64 9 368 2710

For further information, please contact

Contact Point Product Safety Department

Emergency telephone number

Emergency Telephone 0 800 734 607 (ALL HOURS)

Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.

### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land; DANGEROUS GOODS.

Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

**GHS Classification** 

**SIGNAL WORD** 

Danger

Approval Number: HSR001326

Oxidizing liquids Category 2

Acute toxicity - Oral	Category 4
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 1 Sub-category B
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 1
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	Category 2

#### Label elements



### **Hazard statements**

H272 - May intensify fire; oxidizer

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H318 - Causes serious eve damage

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Hazardous to terrestrial vertebrates

#### **Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

Keep away from clothing and other combustible materials

Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles

Do not breathe fume, gas, mist, vapours, spray

Wash hands thoroughly after handling

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection

Use personal protective equipment as required

Avoid release to the environment

### **Precautionary Statements - Response**

Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell

Specific treatment (see First aid on this SDS)

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

Get immediate medical advice/attention

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. DO NOT induce vomiting

IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell

In case of fire: Use extinguishing media as outlined in Section 5 of this Safety Data Sheet to extinguish.

### **Precautionary Statements - Storage**

Store locked up

### **Precautionary Statements - Disposal**

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations as applicable

Other hazards which do not result in classification

# 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### Mixture

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Hydrogen peroxide	7722-84-1	20-60

Water	7732-18-5	to 100

### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**Description of first aid measures** 

**General advice** For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 13 11 26; New

Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

**Emergency telephone number** Poisons Information Center, New Zealand: 0800 764 766

Poisons Information Center, Australia: 13 11 26

Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, (trained personnel should) give oxygen. If Inhalation

breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately.

Eye contact Immediately flush with plenty of water. After initial flushing, remove any contact lenses and

continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Seek immediate medical attention/advice.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin Skin contact

with water/shower. Seek immediate medical attention/advice.

Ingestion Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician or poison control

center immediately.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

**Symptoms** Irritation/Corrosion. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physicians Treat symptomatically. Can cause corneal burns.

### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

**Suitable Extinguishing Media** 

**Suitable Extinguishing Media** Water spray. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk.

Carbon dioxide (CO2) may be ineffective on large fires. Unsuitable extinguishing media

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Specific hazards arising from the

chemical

May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidizer. May ignite combustibles (wood paper, oil, clothing, etc.). Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out.

Corrosive hazard. Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment for

fire-fighters

Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. DO NOT GET WATER INSIDE CONTAINERS. Corrosive hazard. Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection. Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles. For massive fire, use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles; if this is impossible withdraw from area and let fire burn.

Hazchem code 2P

### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breathe fume, gas, mist, vapours, spray. Evacuate

personnel to safe areas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use personal protective equipment as required.

**Environmental precautions** 

**Environmental precautions** See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Dike far ahead of liquid spill for later disposal. Stop leak if you can do it without risk.

Methods for cleaning up If enough water is available dilute to <3%, flood area with water and drain to an approved

chemical sewer or waste-water treatment system, including municipal sewers if approved. If only limited water is available (not enough to dilute spill to 3% concentration), use water for potential fire fighting of combustible materials. Contain spill until decomposition is

completed naturally.

Precautions to prevent secondary hazards

Prevention of secondary hazards Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.

### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breathe fume, gas, mist, vapours, spray. Do not

eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Ensure adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly

after handling. Use personal protection equipment. Keep out of reach of children.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store away from

foodstuffs. Keep container closed when not in use.

Incompatible materials Acids, reducing agents, alkalis, heavy metals and their salts, dust, enzymes, combustible

material, organic chemicals, cyanides, dirt, rust, hexavalent chromium compounds.

### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Exposure Limits No value assigned for this specific material by the New Zealand Workplace Health & Safety

Authority. However, Workplace Exposure Standard(s) for constituent(s):

Hydrogen peroxide: WES-TWA 1 ppm, 1.4 mg/m³, Suspected human carcinogen

As published by the New Zealand Workplace Health & Safety Authority.

WES - TWA (Workplace Exposure Standard - Time Weighted Average) - The eight-hour, time-weighted average exposure standard is designed to protect the worker from the effects of long-term exposure.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

### Appropriate engineering controls

#### **Engineering controls**

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ventilation systems. Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits.

If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, CHEMICAL GOGGLES, FACE SHIELD, GLOVES (Long), APRON, RUBBER BOOTS.



Eye/face protection Tight sealing safety goggles. If splashes are likely to occur:. Face protection shield.

Elbow-length impervious gloves. Hand protection

Boots. Overalls. Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing. If there is a risk of contact:. Skin and body protection

Chemical resistant apron.

Respiratory protection If determined by a risk assessment an inhalation risk exists, wear a suitable mist respirator

meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.

No information available. **Environmental exposure controls** 

### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Physical state** Liquid **Appearance** Clear

Color Colourless Sharp, Pungent Odor

**Odor threshold** No information available.

Remarks • Method Property Values

pН 1-4

-14°C to -56°C Melting point / freezing point

104-119°C None known Boiling point / boiling range

Flash point Not applicable **Evaporation rate** No data available

None known Flammability (solid, gas) No data available None known Flammability Limit in Air None known

Upper flammability or explosive Not applicable

limits

Lower flammability or explosive Not applicable

limits

14-29 Torr @30°C None known Vapor pressure No data available Vapor density None known

Relative density 1.07-1.24 @20°C Water solubility Miscible in water No data available Solubility(ies)

None known **Partition coefficient** No data available None known **Autoignition temperature** Not applicable None known

No data available **Decomposition temperature** Kinematic viscosity No data available

None known **Dynamic viscosity** No data available None known

Other information

# 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Reactivity Oxidizer.

**Chemical stability** 

Stable under normal conditions. Stability

**Explosion data** 

Sensitivity to mechanical impact None.

Sensitivity to static discharge None.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Oxidizing agent. Supports combustion of other materials and increases intensity of a fire. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Heat.

Incompatible materials

Incompatible materials Acids, reducing agents, alkalis, heavy metals and their salts, dust, enzymes, combustible

material, organic chemicals, cyanides, dirt, rust, hexavalent chromium compounds.

Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products Oxygen.

### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### **Acute toxicity**

Information on likely routes of exposure

**Product Information**No adverse health effects expected if the chemical is handled in accordance with this

Safety Data Sheet and the chemical label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the

chemical is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

**Inhalation** May cause irritation.

**Eye contact** Causes serious eye damage.

**Skin contact** Causes severe burns.

Ingestion Can burn mouth, throat, and stomach. Harmful if swallowed.

**Symptoms** Irritation/Corrosion. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes.

**Acute toxicity** 

**Numerical measures of toxicity** 

On basis of test data

Oral LD50 1518 mg/kg (for 60% solution)

See section 16 for terms and abbreviations

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

**Skin corrosion/irritation** Causes severe burns.

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation** Causes serious eye damage.

**Respiratory or skin sensitization** No information available.

Germ cell mutagenicity No information available.

**Carcinogenicity** No information available.

**Reproductive toxicity** No information available.

**STOT - single exposure** No information available.

**STOT - repeated exposure** May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Aspiration hazard** No information available.

Chronic effects: Available evidence from animal studies indicate that repeated or prolonged exposure to this

material could result in effects on the lungs.

# 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Ecotoxicity** 

**Ecotoxicity** Keep out of waterways.

Terrestrial ecotoxicity Hazardous to terrestrial vertebrates.

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Crustacea
Hydrogen peroxide	EC50: =2.5mg/L (72h, Chlorella vulgaris)	LC50: =16.4mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50: 18 - 56mg/L (96h, Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: 10.0 - 32.0mg/L (96h, Oncorhynchus mykiss)	magna) EC50: =7.7mg/L (24h,

Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability Readily biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative potential

**Bioaccumulation** No information available.

**Mobility** 

**Mobility in soil** No information available.

Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects No information available.

### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused products

Dispose of product in packaging/container in a way that is consistent with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 and the Act, and Hazardous Substances (Amendments and Revocations) Notice 2020. Treat the chemical using a method that changes the characteristics or composition of the chemical so that the chemical is no longer a hazardous chemical; or export the chemical from New Zealand as waste.

Contaminated packaging

Packages may only be reused or recycled if the package has been treated to remove any residual contents of the hazardous chemical (class 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5); or the contents of the residue in the package are below the threshold for the chemical to be classified as hazardous (class 6, 8, or 9 chemical).

### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ROAD AND RAIL TRANSPORT Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Transport of Dangerous Goods on

Land; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number 2014

Proper shipping name HYDROGEN PEROXIDE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION

Hazard class 5.1 Subsidiary hazard class 8 Packing group II Hazchem code 2P

IATA Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association

> (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; DANGEROUS GOODS. TRANSPORT PROHIBITED under the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air in Passenger and Cargo Aircraft, and

Cargo Aircraft Only.

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous IMDG

Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; DANGEROUS GOODS.

**UN** number

**UN proper shipping name** HYDROGEN PEROXIDE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION

Transport hazard class(es) 5.1 **Subsidiary hazard class** 8 Packing group Ш IMDG EMS Fire F-H **IMDG EMS Spill** S-Q Marine pollutant No

### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

### Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### **New Zealand**

**National regulations** See section 8 for national exposure control parameters

#### **International Inventories**

**NZIoC** All the constituents of this material are listed on the New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals.

**TSCA** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **DSL/NDSL** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **EINECS/ELINCS** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **ENCS** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **IECSC** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **KECL PICCS** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

**AIIC** All the constituents of this material are listed on the Australian Inventory of Industrial

Chemicals.

#### Legend:

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

**ENCS** - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

**IECSC** - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

**KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

#### International Regulations

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

# **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Supplier Safety Data Sheet 10/2021

Prepared By

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and

SDS Services).

Issuing Date: 23-Mar-2022

Reason(s) For Issue: 5 Yearly Revised Primary SDS

#### **Revision Note:**

The symbol (\*) in the margin of this SDS indicates that this line has been revised.

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

<u>Legend Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION</u>
TWA TWA (time-weighted average) STEL STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)

Ceiling Maximum limit value \* Skin designation

C Carcinogen

### Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ChemView Database

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Chemister Databas

European Food Safety Authority (EFSA) EPA (Environmental Protection Agency)

Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s))

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals

Food Research Journal

Hazardous Substance Database

International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID)

Japan GHS Classification

Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)

NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)

National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP)

National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED)

National Toxicology Program (NTP)

New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set

RTECS (Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances)

World Health Organization

#### **Disclaimer**

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since Ixom Operations Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their lxom representative or lxom Operations Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

**End of Safety Data Sheet**